TP2 - West of Airport

TP3 - Airport TP4 - East of Airport TP5 – Southside

In the vicinity of -

L1 - West of Airport L2 - Airport L3 - East of Airport L4 - Blue Spur

L5 - Kaniere L6 - Southside / Adair Road

Base Scheme Options - LONG LIST to SHORT LIST (FINAL following Traffic Light Assessment)

Version: Final - following PWG workshop on 18 Jan 2023

·																	Traffic Li	ght Asse	essment	t Criterio	on				Date: 30.0	01.2023				
						1							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12						
Scheme Ref.	sceiving Environment	eiving Environment Ref	ary Receiving Environment	WWTP Location	sse Treatment Option	Key quest	tion is: what is t	atment Enhance he rationale for required/desire	why the enhand	cement(s) is	SFF Treatment be worked through)	SFF discharge be worked through)	rect discharge to natural	water bouy gulatory standards	Natural hazard	Publichealth	ining and regulatory	Constructability	Carbon footprint	tructure/ technology	Māori cultural	tural enviornment	ial and community	mic development and growth	n of scores (to date)	Long Long List No.	Long List No.	Scheme Ref.	Potential Wastewater Schemes (Short List) to take forward to MCA Assessment based on this	Comments/Rationale
	ž	Rec	Second		Ba	UV Disinfection (d)	Solids Removal (s)	Nutrient Removal (n)	Membrane Filtration (m)	Cultural (c)	nt)) aj	Avoid di	Re			Plan			Infras		e N	Soc	Econo	Sun				Traffic Light Assessment	
TP1-03-B TP1-03-Bc TP1-03-Bd	Ocean	O3 Existing WMP	-		B (BTF)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	x x	x x	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	x √ x			0	2 2 2	1 1	2	2 2 2	1 1	2	2 2 2	0 0	2 2 2	1 1	2	17 18 17	1	1	TP1-03-B TP1-03-Bc TP1-03-Bd	×	This is one Potential Wastewater Scheme, with five sub-options. Sub-options without a cultural treatment enhancement not taken forward to the short list.
TP1-03-Bdc TP1-03-Bmc				TP1 Existing		×	x x	×	× ✓	√			2	2	1	2		1	1	2	0	2	1	2	18 18	Щ		TP1-03-Bdc TP1-03-Bmc	√ √	- Option included as the Project Working Group want to evaluate having a WWTP on the existing site for comparison purposes.
TP1-L1B-C	Land West of Airport Land Airport	L1B RIBs/trenches L2B Trenches	-		c (CST)	×	×	×	×	×				2		1		1	2	1	0	1	_	1	11 10	8	_	TP1-L1B-C	*	Landan and the office and table from a day the sheet Pat
TP1-L2B-C TP1-L3B-C	Land Airport Land East of Airport	L3B RIBs/trenches			C (CSI)	×	× ×	×	×	×				2	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1		1	8	11 20		TP1-L2B-C TP1-L3B-C	×	Low score and therefore not taken forward to the short list.
TP2-O3-B	Lanu East of All port	L3B KIBS/LIEUCIES	-			×	×	×	×	×				2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	21	20	-	TP2-03-B	×	
TP2-O3-Bc						×	×	×	×	✓			1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	23		ŀ	TP2-O3-Bc	√ ·	This is one Potential Wastewater Scheme, with five sub-options. Sub-options
TP2-O3-Bd	Ocean	O3 Existing WMP	-		B (BTF)	1	×	×	×	×			0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	21	22	5	TP2-O3-Bd	×	without a cultural treatment enhancement not taken forward to the short
TP2-O3-Bdc						1	×	×	×	✓			1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	23		ı	TP2-O3-Bdc	✓	list.
TP2-O3-Bmc						×	×	×	✓	✓			2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	23		[TP2-O3-Bmc	✓	- Option included as it scores equal highest on the Traffic Light Assessment.
TP2-L1B-C						×	×	×	×	×			0	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	15			TP2-L1B-C	×	
TP2-L1B-Cc				TP2		×	×	×	×	✓			0	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	15		- 1	TP2-L1B-Cc	×	Low score and therefore not taken forward to the short list.
TP2-L1B-Cd	Land West of Airport	L1B RIBs/trenches	-	West of Airport	:	<u> </u>	× ×	× ×	×	×			1	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	15 17	29	6	TP2-L1B-Cd	×	This is one Potential Wastewater Scheme, with two sub-options.
TP2-L1B-Cdc					C (CST)	×	×	×	✓	√			2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	17			TP2-L1B-Cdc	√	Option included as the Project Working Group wants to evaluate a discharge to land option.
TP2-L2B-C	Land Airport	L2B Trenches	-			×	×	×	×	×			0	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	32	7	TP2-L2B-C	×	
TP2-L3B-C	Land East of Airport	L3B RIBs/trenches	-			×	×	×	×	×			0	2	2	1	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	1	13	41		TP2-L3B-C	×	Low score and therefore not taken forward to the short list.
TP3-O3-B						×	×	×	×	×			0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	21			TP3-O3-B	×	
TP3-O3-Bc						×	×	×	×	✓			1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	23		1	TP3-O3-Bc	✓	This is one Potential Wastewater Scheme, with five sub-options. Sub-options
TP3-O3-Bd	Ocean	O3 Existing WMP	-		B (BTF)	✓	×	×	×	×			0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	21	43	9	TP3-O3-Bd	×	without a cultural treatment enhancement not taken forward to the short
TP3-O3-Bdc				TP3		✓	×	×	×	✓			1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	23		1	TP3-O3-Bdc	✓	- Option included as it scores equal highest on the Traffic Light Assessment.
TP3-O3-Bmc				Airport		×	×	×	✓	✓			2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	23		ı	TP3-O3-Bmc	✓	- Option included as it scores equal riightest on the frame aight Assessment.
TP3-L1B-C	Land West of Airport	L1B RIBs/trenches	-			×	×	*	×	×			0	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	14	50	10	TP3-L1B-C	×	
TP3-L2B-C	Land Airport	L2B Trenches	-		C (CST)	×	×	×	×	×			0	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	0	13	53		TP3-L2B-C	×	Low score and therefore not taken forward to the short list.
TP3-L3B-C	Land East of Airport	L3B RIBs/trenches	-			×	×	×	×	×			0	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	62		TP3-L3B-C	×	
TP4-O3-B	Ocean	O3 Existing WMP	-	TP4	B (BTF)	×	×	×	х	×			<u> </u>	2	1	2	2	0	0	2	1	2	2	2	16	83		TP4-O3-B	*	Low score and east of the Airport. Was rejected by Project Working Group as
TP4-L2B-C TP4-L3B-C	Land Airport Land East of Airport	L2B Trenches L3B RIBs/trenches	-	East of Airport	C (CST)	×	×	×	×	×			+	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	96 108		TP4-L2B-C TP4-L3B-C	×	not desired.
TP4-L3B-C TP5-O3-A	Land East of Airport	L3B KIBS/trencnes	-	-	A (Ponds)	×	×	×	×	×		-	+ -	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	8	108	_	TP4-L3B-C TP5-O3-A	×	
TP5-O3-A	Ocean	O3 Existing WMP	-		B (BTF)	×	×	×	×	×		—	+	2		2	1	0	0	2	0	2		1	13	134		TP5-O3-A	×	
TP5-L6A/O3-A				TP5	A (Ponds)	*	· ·	*	×	×			T	1	1	ō.	1	1	0	2	0	1	1	1	9	142		TP5-L6A/O3-A	×	Low score and south of the Hokitika River. Was rejected by Project Working
TP5-L6A/O3-C	Laured Carrette aid	L6A Slow rate irrigation	03	South side	C (CST)	×	×	×	×	×				2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	11	144	_	TP5-L6A/O3-C		Group as not desired.
TP5-L6B-A	Land South side	LCP DIRe/trongher		1	A (Ponds)	×	✓	×	×	×				1	1	1	1	1	0	2	0	1	1	2	11	150		TP5-L6B-A	×]
TP5-L6B-C		L6B RIBs/trenches			C (CST)	×	×	×	×	×				2	1	1	2	1	1	1	0	1	1	2	13	152	21	TP5-L6B-C	×	

The building blocks of the Potential Wastewater Schemes: Treated Wastewater Receiving Environment(s)
(following Fatal Flaws Assessment of scheme elements and Traffic Light Assessment of scheme options) Treatment Plant – Site and Processes Domestic Ocean (WMP Outfall) Silver Fern Farms 3. Any Treatment Enhancements · Land ey abbreviations: — Ocean, L – Land - Treatment Plant Marginally Meet Criterion - Score = 1 Fails to Meet Criterion - Score = 0 - Ponds, B (BTF) – Biological Trickling Filter, C (CST) - Conventional Secondary Treatment - UV Disinfection, s - Solids Removal, n - Nutrient Removal, m - Membrane Filtration, c - Cultura ewater_Traffic Light Ass ✓ - option selected, × - option not selected SFF - Silver Fern Farms

 SFF treatment and discharge options still to be worked through.
 BTF with Clarifier is a sub-option of C - CST. 3. Discharge to WMP ocean outfall is fundamental to outfall O3 options along with securing appropriate

changes to resource consent conditions.

SFF discharge, providing it remains in the scheme, would be included in Council's agreement with WMP for the discharge through the WMP ocean outfall regardless of whether treatment is in the Council's system, or $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left$

undertaken by SFF.

Treatment Enhancements could be part of the initial build or added in the future in accordance with $requirements \, set \, in \, resource \, consent \, conditions. \, This \, could \, be \, through \, periodic \, reviews \, of \, performance,$ adaptive management approaches, or other techniques.

Cost not considered at this phase of assessment but is one of the criterion used for the coming assessment

of the Short List.

to this Long List to Short List summary.

. Mana Whenua have confirmed they desire an open channel type cultural treatment enhanced includes rocks and that enables the water to be seen.

UV disinfection - Used to reduce the pathogen concentration (bacteria, viruses, protozoa) in the treated wastewater and therefore reduce the health risk to the public following discharge into the receiving environment. UV disinfection is commonly used on WWTP's in New Zealand for discharges to land, river and ocean. The need for, and level of, UV disinfection is site specific and is usually determined following technical studies to determine the amount of diution and dispersion of the treated wastewater in the receiving water before the public can come into contact with it, through direct body contact or eating contaminated shellfish, watercress, and other wild foods.

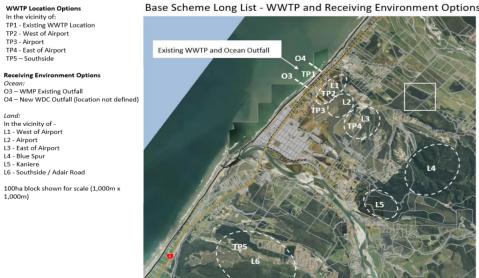
Solids Removal - Used to remove the solids content of the treated wastewater prior to discharge (e.g., filters, clarifiers or dissolved air flotation) in order to avoid adverse vie effects or solids deposition in receiving waters especially rivers and lakes. Solids removal is normally used with oxidation pond and lagoon treatment systems, which contain high concentrations of algals solids. Solids removal is not normally required for conventional secondary treatment plants, which already produce a low solids concentration treated wastewater

Nutrient Removal - Used to remove nitrogen and/or phosphorus from the wastewater, in order to avoid stimulating nuisance algae and other plant growths in the receiving environment, fish toxicity (ammonia) or health risks to downstream drinking water supplies (nitrate). Nutrient removal is not normally required for ocean outfall discharges due to the high degree of dilution and dispersion provided.

Membrane Filtration - A particular type of filtration using a membrane with a very small pore size (0.04 microns), which removes bacteria and protozoa and most viruses in addition to all solids. As such, membrane filtration provides disinfection in addition to 100% solids removal. Membrane filtration also removes any microplastics which might by present in the treated wastewater. Membrane filtration is normally only used where a high level of water quality and public health protection is needed (e.g., for reusing the treated wastewater to irrigate parks and reserves) or for sensitive receiving environments such as lakes and rivers.

Cultural Treatment - From a Māori tikanga perspective, it is considered offensive to discharge human waste to waterways, even when it has been tre ated. In Māori tikanga, human waste requires rāhui and this needs to be converted (i.e., whakanoa) prior to water contact. Passage through soil or a land element (Papatūānuku) can transform the treated wastewater from rāhui to noa, depending on the specific is the and situation. The need for, and type of, cultural treatment is specific to the treated wastewater rom rāhui to noa, depending on the specific is the and situation. The need for, and type of, cultural treatment is specific to the treated wastewater receive environment and the position of local iwi. Consultation to arrive at an agreed approach is of fundamental importance.

Base Scheme Long List - WWTP and Receiving Environment Options



Alternatives Assessment - Sieving Approach J 'LONG LONG' LIST J -Base Scheme Elements (Long List) **Fatal Flaws** LONG LIST Traffic light Feasible option SHORTLIST Potential Wastewater Schemes MCA Return loops (if required) **BPO SOLUTION**

*Feasible Options are an outcome of the Traffic Light Assessment

